

Tour Code : TNFT

Tamilnadu Temple Tour With Six Abodes Of Murugan And Rameshwaram Jyothirlingha Tour - 8 D / 7 N

Departure :

2025: 4th Jan, 1st Feb, 4th Mar, 9th Apr, 9th May, 6th Jun, 6th Jul, 14th Aug, 12th Sep, 17th Oct, 14th Nov & 11th Dec

2026: 21st Jan, 15th Feb, 19th Mar (07:30 Hrs.)

Return : 8th Day (18:00 Hrs.)

Places Covered : Chennai, Thanjavur, Rameswaram, Madurai, Kanyakumari, Chidambaram, Trichy, tiruvannamalai, Mahabalipuram, Kancheepuram

Transport by A.C Hi Tech Coach & A.C. Hotel Accommodation for 7 Nights (1N Pondicherry, 1NTanjore, 1 Night Rameshwaram, 1N Kanyakumari, 1N Madurai, 1N Trichy, 1N Kanchipuram, South Indian Vegetarian Food with mineral water bottle & Tour Manager Facili

Itinerary of Tamilnadu Temple Tour With Six Abodes Of Murugan And Rameshwaram Jyothirlingha Tour - 8 D / 7 N

Day 1 07:30 Hrs - CHENNAI – MAHABALIPURAM- PONDICHERRY

7:30 Hrs : Tour Starts from our Chennai Office (No.1098, Poonamallee High Road,, Opp. Hotel Royal Regency, Besides Hotel Golden tower, Periyamet, Chennai,) and Departure to Mahabalipuram sightseeing like Sea Shore Temple & Panch Rathas. Later, in the evening proceed to Pondicherry Visit Auroville , Aurobindo Ashram, Ganesh Mandir, and Beach.

Meals-  **Lunch**,  **Dinner**

Night Stay -  **PONDICHERRY**

Day 2 -08:00 Hrs - PONDICHERRY-CHIDAMBARAM –KUMBAKONAM- TANJORE

Morning after Early Breakfast, check out the hotel and proceed to Chidambaram (130 Kms / 4 Hrs), visit Nataraja swamy Temple [Closing Timings: 12PM to 5PM] and proceed to Kumbakonam (80 Kms / 2.5 hrs). have Swamimalai Temple Darshan. Later proceed to Tanjore (52 Kms / 2 Hrs) Upon arrival at Tanjore, transfer to a hotel

Meals -  **Breakfast**,  **Lunch**,  **Dinner**

Night Stay-  **TANJORE**

Day 3- **TANJORE – RAMESHWARAM**

Morning visit Brihadeeswara Temple (Lord Shiva). Here one can see the giant sized Nandi carved in a single stone, which is considered to be the second largest Nandi in India. After temple visits, back to the hotel. After Breakfast, check out from the Hotel, proceed to Rameshwaram (240 Kms / 4.5Hrs), Enroute visit Pamban Bridge. Later on arrival transfer to Hotel, Evening visit Sri Ramanatha Swamy, in the evening back to Hotel, Overnight stay (Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner)

Meals -  Breakfast,  Lunch,  Dinner

Night Stay-  **RAMESHWARAM**

Day 4-**RAMESWARAM – KANYAKUMARI**

After Breakfast, check out the hotel@10AM, and depart to Tiruchendur (230 Kms / 5 Hrs) [Temple closing hours 12PM - 5PM]. Evening visit Murugan Temple, after Darshan proceed to Kanyakumari (110 Kms / 2.5 hrs). Upon arrival, transfer to the hotel. Enjoy the beautiful sunset at Kanyakumari

Meals -  Breakfast,  Lunch,  Dinner

Night Stay-  **KANYAKUMARI**

Day 5-**KANYAKUMARI – SUCHINDRUM – MADURAI**

Morning enjoy Sunrise and after breakfast, proceed to Madurai (260 - Kms / 4 hrs). Enroute visit Suchindram - to visit Thanumalayan Temple, which is unique, as it is dedicated to Trimurthy's - Lord Vishnu, Lord Shiva and Lord Brahma. Upon arrival at Madurai, Enroute visited Thiruparankundram Temple, after Darshan proceeded to the hotel. Evening visit the famous Meenakshi Amman Koil / Temple

Meals -  Breakfast,  Lunch,  Dinner

Night Stay-  **MADURAI**

Day 6-**MADURAI – PALANI – TIRUCHIRAPALLI**

After Breakfast, check out from the Hotel and proceed to Palani (120 Kms / 3Hrs). Enroute Visit Pazhamudircholai Murugan Temple . On Arrival at Palani visit Murugan Temple , after Darshan proceed to Trichy (160 Kms / 3 Hrs). On Arrival check in Hotel,

Meals -  Breakfast,  Lunch,  Dinner

Night Stay-  **TIRUCHIRAPALLI**

Day 7- TIRUCHIRAPALLI–THIRUVANNAMALAI–KANCHIPURAM

Early Morning @4:00 AM visit Sri Ranganatha Swamy Temple in Srirangam, which is considered as the Tallest Temple in India. After Breakfast, check out from Hotel @7:00 AM, proceed to Thiruvanamalai (200 Kms / 5 Hrs). On arrival visit Arunachaleswarar Temple (Closing Timings 12:30PM - 03:30 PM); after Darshan proceed to Kanchipuram (120 Kms / 2.5 Hrs), Evening check in hotel. Evening Proceed for shopping. Overnight stay. (Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner)

Meals-  Breakfast,  Lunch,  Dinner

Night Stay-  KANCHIPURAM

Day 8 - KANCHIPURAM – THIRUTTANI – CHENNAI

Morning @ 5:00 AM, visit Kanchipuram Temples like Kamakshi Amman Temple, Ekambareswar Temple, Kailasanathan Temple, After Breakfast check out from Hotel, proceed to Tiruttani Temple (if time permissible only) (45 Kms / 1.5 Hrs). After Darshan & Lunch proceed to Chennai (120 Kms/ 3.00 Hrs) Evening drop at Chennai Airport/Railway station/Bus station

Meals -  Breakfast,  Lunch

 Tour Concludes here -----

Tour Price

	Apr-2024 To Mar-2025	Apr-2025 To Mar-2026
Category	AC	AC
Adult on Twin Sharing	30,999/-	35,599/-
Adult on Triple Sharing	28,999/-	33,299/-
Child(5-11)Without Bed	26,199/-	29,999/-
Single Adult In a Room	39,799/-	45,699/-

PLACES COVERED

Chennai

Chennai is the capital city of Tamil Nadu, located on the Coromandel Coast off the Bay of Bengal. Chennai is a major commercial, cultural, economic and educational center in India and also known as the Cultural Capital of South India. With the second largest port in India, Chennai had been part of successive South Indian kingdoms through centuries. The recorded history of the city began in the colonial times with the arrival of British East India Company. The British defended several attacks from the French forces, and Chennai became a major naval port and presidency city by late eighteenth century.

Thanjavur

Also known as Tanjore, Thanjavur have been derived from "Tajan", a legendary asura in Hindu mythology. While the early history of Thanjavur remains unclear, the city first rose to prominence during the reign of the Medieval Cholas. It served as the capital of the Chola Empire and after the fall of the Cholas, the city was ruled by various dynasties like Pandiyas, Vijayanagar Empire, Madurai Nayaks, Thanjavur Nayaks, Thanjavur Marathas and the British. Thanjavur is an important center of South Indian art and architecture as most Great Living Chola Temples are located in and around Thanjavur. [Read less](#)

Rameswaram

Rameswaram in the Ramanathapuram district of Tamil Nadu is located on Pamban Island separated from mainland India by the Pamban channel. Together with Varanasi, it is considered to be one of the holiest places in India to Hindus. It is situated in the Gulf of Mannar, at the very tip of the Indian peninsula and is connected to mainland India by the Pamban Bridge. According to legend, this is the place from where the Hindu god Rama built a bridge, across the sea to Lanka to rescue his wife Sita from Ravana. The Ramanathaswamy Temple is located at the centre of the town and is closely associated with life of Rama.

Madurai

Madurai is the third largest city and is located on the banks of River Vaigai. It has been a major settlement for two millennia and is one of the oldest incessantly inhabited cities in the world. Madurai is closely associated with the Tamil language as all the 3 primary congregations of Tamil scholars were held in the city. The recorded history of the city goes back to the 3rd century BC as city is believed to be of significant antiquity and has been ruled, at different times, by the Early Pandiyas, Medieval Cholas, Later Cholas, Madurai Sultanate, and the British.

Kanyakumari

Kanyakumari, also referred to as Cape Comorin earlier is located at the southernmost tip of India. It is the geographical end of the mainland. The closest major cities are Nagercoil and Thiruvananthapuram, the capital of Kerala, which makes it a popular tourist place in India. Kanyakumari takes its name from the Hindu Goddess Kanyakumari whose temple is situated in the town of it's, on the sea-shore, and is very confluence of the three water-bodies – the Arabian Sea, the Bay of Bengal and the Indian Ocean. Kanyakumari has been a great centre for art and religion for centuries and was an area of great trade and commerce during rule of Cholas, the Cheras, the Pandiyas and the Nayaks.

Chidambaram

Chidambaram is an industrial city in eastern part of Tamil Nadu. It is located in 58 km from Pondicherry and 240 km south of Chennai by rail. The city is home to Annamalai University, Nataraja Temple, Chidambaram Temple and port Parangipettai. The city is a main pilgrimage site for Shaivites and Vaishnavites. The ancient Chidambaram Temple is dedicated to Lord Shiva in form of the cosmic Dancer with one of the five dancing halls of Nataraja. Chidambaram is also one of the Panchabootha Sthalams - representing five basic elements.

Trichy

Also called Tiruchirappalli, Trichy is the fourth largest municipal corporation in Tamil Nadu and also the fourth largest urban agglomeration in the state. The city is believed to be of significant antiquity and has been ruled, at different times. The archaeologically important town of Uraiur served as the capital of the Early Cholas. Tiruchirappalli played a critical role in the Carnatic Wars between the British and the French. The city has a number of historical monuments such as the Rockfort, Ranganathaswamy temple at Srirangam and the Jambukeswarar temple.

Tiruvannamalai

Tiruvannamalai, (also Thiruvannamalai or Trinomali and Trinomalee during British times) is a town in the Indian state of Tamil Nadu. The town is administered by a special grade municipality that covers an area of 16.33 km² (6.31 sq mi) and had a population of 144,278 in 2011. It is the administrative headquarters of Tiruvannamalai District. Roadways are the major mode of transport in Tiruvannamalai, while the town also has rail connectivity. Tiruvannamalai is named after the central deity of the Annamalaiyar Temple, Annamalaiyar.

Mahabalipuram

Mahabalipuram, derived from 'Mamallapuram' is the prior and colloquial name of a town in Kancheepuram district of Tamil Nadu. With an average elevation of 12 metres, is now officially called Mamallapuram. Mahabalipuram was a 7th century port city of the South Indian dynasty of the Pallavas around 60 km south from the city of Chennai. The name Mamallapuram is named after the Pallava king Narasimhavarman I, who took on the epithet Maha-malla (great wrestler), as the favourite sport of

the Pallavas was wrestling. It has various historic monuments built largely between the 7th and the 9th centuries. It has been classified as a UNESCO World Heritage Site.

Kancheepuram

Kanchipuram or Kanchi is a temple city, which served as the Capital city of the Pallava Kingdom. It is also known by "The City of Thousand Temples". Administrative headquarters of Kanchipuram district, it is located 72 kilometers from Chennai, the capital city of Tamil Nadu. Kanchipuram is considered one of the seven holiest cities to the Hindus of India and in Hinduism, a k?etra is a sacred ground, a field of active power, a place where moksha, final release can be obtained. Among the major Hindu temples, some are the most prominent Vishnu Temples and Shiva Temples of Tamil Nadu like the Varadharaja Perumal Temple for Vishnu. The city is also famous for its hand woven silk sarees.

TOUR INFO

Payment Term

- You can pay by Cash/ Cheque / Demand Draft / Debit Card / Credit Card/ Internet Banking /NEFT/ Demand draft & Bank Transfer favoring Southern Travels Pvt Ltd

Tour Requirements

- For Adults - Photo identification in the form of Voters ID / Passport / Aadhar Card / Driving Licence / Ration card
- For students - Photo identification in the form of Passport / Aadhar Card / PAN card Carry original as well as 2 photocopies of school or college Photo Identity card
- For Infants - Carry 2 passport sized photographs

Things to Carry

- Mobile phone with appropriate sim card
- Along with your necessary clothing and toiletries carry sun screen lotion, hand sanitizer, sun glasses, cap, sports shoes, umbrella / windcheater, camera etc. and woollens if needed
- If you are on any medication, carry sufficient stock of the medicines with prescription

Weather

- For detailed Information about weather kindly visit www.accuweather.com

Shopping

- Shawls, sarees, suits, pashminas, sweaters, leather jackets, bags, purses, walnut, almonds, apricots, saffron and various other dry fruits etc.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

<https://www.southerntravelsindia.com/Terms-Conditions.aspx>